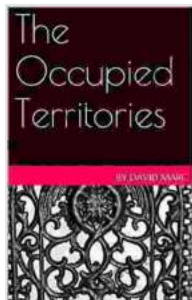


The Occupied Territories: A Comprehensive Historical, Political, and Legal Overview



The Occupied Territories by James Minahan

★★★★☆ 4 out of 5

Language	: English
File size	: 1031 KB
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 48 pages
Lending	: Enabled
Screen Reader	: Supported



The Occupied Territories are a disputed territory in the Middle East that has been occupied by Israel since the Six-Day War in 1967. The territories include the West Bank, the Gaza Strip, and East Jerusalem. The Palestinian National Authority (PNA) exercises limited self-governance in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, but Israel retains overall control. The status of the Occupied Territories is a major source of conflict between Israel and the Palestinians.

History of the Occupied Territories

The Occupied Territories were originally part of the Ottoman Empire. After World War I, they were placed under British mandate. In 1947, the United Nations voted to partition the mandate into a Jewish state and an Arab state. The Arab states rejected the partition plan, and the 1948 Arab-Israeli War ensued. Israel emerged victorious from the war and occupied the West

Bank and Gaza Strip. In 1967, Israel occupied East Jerusalem during the Six-Day War.

Political Status of the Occupied Territories

The political status of the Occupied Territories is disputed. Israel claims that the territories are part of Israel, while the Palestinians claim that they are part of a future Palestinian state. The international community generally considers the Occupied Territories to be occupied territory under international law. The United Nations Security Council has passed several resolutions calling on Israel to withdraw from the Occupied Territories, but Israel has refused to comply.

Legal Implications of the Occupation

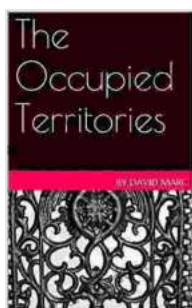
The occupation of the Occupied Territories has had a number of legal implications. Israel has been accused of violating international law by its actions in the Occupied Territories, including the use of excessive force, the establishment of settlements, and the demolition of Palestinian homes. The International Court of Justice has ruled that Israel's occupation of the Occupied Territories is illegal under international law. The United Nations General Assembly has also passed a number of resolutions condemning Israel's occupation of the Occupied Territories.

The Future of the Occupied Territories

The future of the Occupied Territories is uncertain. The Israeli government has stated that it is committed to a two-state solution, but the Palestinians have rejected this proposal. The international community has called on both Israel and the Palestinians to negotiate a peaceful settlement to the

conflict over the Occupied Territories. However, peace talks have been stalled for many years, and there is no clear path forward.

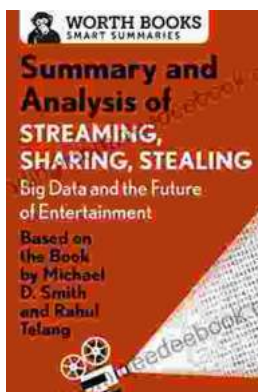
The Occupied Territories are a complex and disputed territory. The conflict over their status has been a major source of conflict between Israel and the Palestinians for decades. The international community has called on both sides to negotiate a peaceful solution, but peace talks have been stalled for many years. The future of the Occupied Territories remains uncertain.



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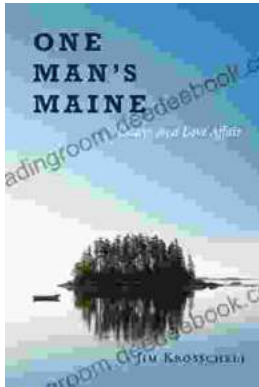
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